no remedy at all. That simply postpones the evil day, for they must be paid, principal and interest, at last. Taxes should never be increased where it is possible to avoid it. Cutting down appropriations, where it can be done without stinting the Government in any of its proper functions, is the most proper remedy for deficiency, but our kepublican brethren seem utterly incapable of cutting down appropriations. We favor that remedy on the old Jeffersonian principle no remedy at all. That simply postpones that remedy on the old Jeffersonian principle "Economy in the public expense that abor may be lightly burdened." , So, as the Republicans can't economize and as they are in the majority, the Committee on Ways and Means was under compulsion to somewinerease the revenues by about \$150,-

Now, taking the whole situation into acise and patriotic thing for the Republican members to have done would have been to wite the Democrats to join in preparing aided them in their investigations, medita-We are all interested in the pub-

Specifically criticising the Payne bill, Mr. Clark continued:

The Payne bill contains divers things which should have been omitted and omits divers things which it should have conained. As confessedly its chief purpose is to increase the revenues, it would appear to have been the part of wisdom to have made both the increases and the decreases rates to that end and to that end alone lere are many of them in the Dingley Infantry. It has not been decided just when the court will meet. the l'ayne bill. For example, in the Dingbill the rate on steel rails is \$7.84 per ton, which everybody knows is practically pro-The Payne bill cuts that rate in two in the middle, and its authors can say: Behold, we are genuine tariff reformers; see how much we reduced the tariff on steel rails!" But the truth is that in praclice the Payne rate of \$3.92 per ton on steel Panama for Amapala, the collier Saturn rails will prove just as prohibitive as the Dingley rate of \$7.84. The greatest ironmaster that ever lived, who made more money out of iron and steel than any other of the multitudious sons of Adam. Andrew a protectionist, mark you-says that there a protectionist's viewpoint, and on the steel rail question I pin my faith to the Laird of

The average rates in the Payne bill, he declared, are about 1.56 per cent. higher than the average rate of the Dingley act. What reductions have been made in the Dingley schedules, he continued, were more apparent than real. The reduction in sugar made by the Payne bill would not hurt, but on the contrary would aid the sugar trust, which Mr. Clark said was a criminal corporation. There is the same old joker in the tariff on petroleum, which, he said, is ostensibly on the free list, but is actually protected by a rate of between 150 and 200 per cent. Mr. Clark referred to a trip made by Speaker Cannon through Missouri last fall during the political campaign. The Speakspeaker Cannon through Missouri last fall during the political campaign. The Speaker, he said, made several political speeches in behalf of Representative Charles Morgan, who was the Republican candidate in that district. Mr. Clark said that he would remember Speaker Cannon's speech at Joplin as long as he lived. He quoted the Speaker as saying:

My fellow citizens, here is the situa-on. If a Republican house is elected I will be Speaker. If the Democrats elect the bouse Mr. Clark will be Speaker. A Vote for Mr. Morgan is a vote for me. A (andidate) is a vote for Mr. Clark. A vote tote for Mr. Hackney means none.

For the first time this session Speaker Cannon, who was sisting in one of the seats on the Republican side of the chamber, took the floor to reply to Mr. Clark and to explain his speech at Joplin. He

There is a zinc reduction plant, newly stablished, near my city and 1 got some nformation not from a zinc producer but reliable. On that trip, especially at Joplin and Springfield, I met men who professed to be and I believe were of the same faith politically as the gentleman from Missouri; and I met Republicans. They said to me orked out and they complained about having to go so deep to get them. * * * told them that action was louder han words, that they, being experts, being a member of Congress, if I should be elected, their action would control my vote: that if they sent the message by Representative Morgan that they believed that zinc ore ought to go on the protective ist, I would take their action and vote accordingly, and if they sent Mr. Hackney would take their action and vote accordthat in substance was my speech, and in Substance it was my speech in the district of Mr. Russell and his nearby Democratic Representative, passing through the zinc and lead and glass districts. Now those people seem to think that glass, lead and zinc needed protection. I will take their judgment after full inquiry and shall vote

numing. Mr. Clark said that the

CHAMP CLARK ON TARIFF BILL

HE SAYS IT'S A REVISION UP

LINSTEAD OF DOWN.

Denedicaries of Protection Demanded
Their Pound of Flesh, He Says, and
Got It—Cannon Takes the Floorin
Reply to a Reference to Himself.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Champ Clark
of Missouri, the Democratic leader, and of Missouri, the Democratio leader and the ranking minority member of the Committee on Ways and Means, explained to-day to the House the Democratic view of the Payne tariff bill. Mr. Clark's speech lasted five hours. He took the floor shortly after 11 o'clock and was on his feet continuously until nearly 4:30 P. M. He did not remain standing at his desk on the Democratic side of the House, but took up a position in the main aisle near the Speaker's desk.

The Democratic members of the House, but took up a position in the main aisle near the Speaker's desk.

The Democratic members of the House, but took up a position of the bill and an opportunity to amend it. In view of the fact that the tariff agitation should not be unnecessarily continued the Democrats, he added, are willing to waive the general debate if they are assured that they will be allowed ample time for amendment and debate under the five minute rule of the entire bill, section by section.

Taking up the question of providing additional revenue to meet deficiencies, Mr. Clark said:

There are only three ways known among men by which a deficiency may be cured: (1) Cut down expenses: (2) increase taxes: (3) issue bonds. Really, to issue bonds is no remedy at all. That simply postpones the evil day, for they must be paid, principal and titrest, at last. Taxes should never a competitive basis, and should be cut to a competitive basis.

that beginning to-morrow he would ask the House to sit until 6 o'clock in the afternoon, which will mean continuous sessions each day hereafter of seven hours.

PLANS TO CAPTURE THE SOUTH liver an Address in Charlotte, N. C.

WASHINGTON, March 24. - President Taft to-day accepted an invitation to go the bill. I feel absolutely certain that I am right about that. We would gladly have a speech there. His acceptance was given so quickly that he rather took the breath tions and conclusions. We are all American away from Senators Simmons and Overman and Representatives Moorehead and lie weal, fully as much as they are. This is our country—God be praised!—where our children and our children's children will dwell with their descendants to the last syllable of recorded time.

If a prolonged debate ensues, if the business agony is continued for weeks or even months, it is well to remember that the blame should rest upon the Republican members of the committee and not upon the Demonth of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence. weal, fully as much as they are. This is Page of North Carolina, and a delegation

pendence.
Southern members of Congress realize
that Mr. Taft has made up his mind to
capture the South for the Republican
cause if he can do so. There is no secret
about this attitude on his part, for he
has declared that he would devote himself to that subject.

Brownsville Court of Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, March 24.-The Secre-There is absolutely no question of free trade involved in this revision. It is, or should be, wholly a question of raising a certain amount of revenue for customs duties in a manner the most equitable which the combined wisdom and patriotism of Congress could devise. In the present posture of a Tairs every approximately prohibitive fale ought to be cut to a revenue basis. There are many of them in the Dingley tary of War to-day announced that Lieut.-Gen. S. B. M. Young, Major-Gen. J. P. Sanger and Brig-Gens. Theodore Schwan, Butler P. Price and John M. Wilson, all on the retired list, had been appointed members of the Brownsville court of inquiry, which, in accordance with an act of Congress, will meet to distinct the proposition of the distinct of the second of ary of War to-day announced that

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, March 24.-The gunboat Paducah has arrived at Guantanamo and the torpedo boat Lawrence at Magdalena

from San Diego for San Francisco, the cruiser Tacoma from Puerto Cortes for Ceiba and Truxillo, the battleship Illi-nois from Boston for Philadelphia and the torpedo boat Farragut from San Diego for Magdalena Bay.

The Solace has been ordered out of commission at Charleston, S. C.

The cruiser Washington has sailed from

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, March 24 .- These army order were issued to-day: Capt. Louis S. Chappelear, from Ninety-first Company to Sixty-seventh Company, Coast Ar-tillery. apt. Joseph S. Hardin, Coast Artillery, from Capt. Joseph S. Hardin, Coast Arthery, From 137th to 117th Company.
Capt. Aiden Trotter, from Sixth Company to 137th Company, Coast Artillery.
Major James B. Houston, Paymaster, from Cuba to San Antonio, Tex.
Capt. Joseph S. Hardin, Coast Arthery, From Demonstrates HIS INVENTION.

MAXIM TRIES HIS INVENTION.

Demonstrates to Assembly Committee That His Silencer Is Not Silent.

These nayv orders were issued:

The Rensselzer Launched.

NEWBURGH, March 24 .- With favorable weather the new passenger steamer Rensselaer of the Citizens Hudson River Night Line was successfully launched at 2 o'clock this afternoon from the yard of 2 o clock this atternoon from the yard of the Thomas S. Marvel Shipbuilding Com-pany. The boat was christened by Miss Kathryn P. O. Culver, the eight-year-old daughter of the president of the steamboat company.

The Rensselaer is a sister boat to the

See Washington

THE HEART OF THE NATION THREE-DAY TOURS

Pennsylvania R. R.

Round-Trip Rate \$12.00 or \$14.50 from New York and Brooklyn

According to hotel selected. Covers necessary expenses for three days. Tickets good returning for ten days.

Detailed Itineraries and full information of Ticket Agents, or C. STUDDS, D. P. A., 288 Fifth Avenue. New York

ASSEMBLYMEN DISCUSS THE TRANSFER PROBLEM.

Mr. Goldberg Offers a Resolution Calling on Board to Furnish a Report Within Thirty Days of Its Investigation

-Referred to Railroad Committee. ALBANY, March 24.-The New York ity Public Service Commission came in or more criticism in the Assembly to-day. Assemblyman Goldberg of New York offered a privileged resolution calling upon the commission to furnish the Assembly within thirty days a complete report on its investigation relative to the restoration of transfers in the boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronx, and in particular as to what the commission has done regarding the transfer problem in-

done regarding the transfer problem involving the Central Park, North and East River line.

Majority Leader Merritt at first objected to the consideration of the resolution. He said he realized, however, that the constituents of some of the Democratic members were after them and he would step aside in order that the minority members could "go to it." And they did. Mr. Goldberg said the Public Service Commission had apparently been derelict, that the transfer question was one of the utmost importance and ought to receive better attention. There is a bill in the Legislature now to compel the railroads to issue transfers. Nothing had been done with that measure and Mr. Goldberg thought that the blame for the delay ought to be placed to some extent on the failure of the Public Service Commission to cooperate.

Assemblymen McGrath, Oliver, McCue, Frisbie, Joseph and Baumann each delivered a speech in favor of the

Frisbie, Joseph and Baumann each delivered a speech in favor of the adoption of the resolution. Mr. Oliver said the Democratic organization told him to vote for the Public Service Commission's law in the first place, that he "took that steer" and always felt sorry for it. He denounced the act creating the commission as a contemptible piece of

After an hour had been devoted to the After an hour had been devoted to the minority's discussion of the resolution Mr. Merritt said he thought the transfer advocates felt better. He then moved the resolution be referred to the Railroads Committee, and it took that route by a vote of 75 to 47.

Bills aimed at kidnappers are reaching the Legislature rapidly. Another one

Bills aimed at kidnappers are reaching the Legislature rapidly. Another one came to-day from Assemblyman William E. Leffingwell of Schuyler county. He put in a proposed amendment making the kidnapping of any person under the age of 16 years punishable the same as murder, by either death or life imprisonment.

Assemblyman Witley would amend the penal law to bring corporations within the provision of the law defining manslaughter in the second degree as homicide when committed without design to cause death by any act of negligence.

Senator Schlosser of Columbia and Assemblyman Allen of Chautauqua think the firemen of the State will be deservedly benefited by permitting all mutual insurance companies without the State to come to New York and do business and tax them for the benefit of the firemen. He introduced a bill in the Assembly to-day for that purpose. Gov. Hughes

the Legislature was recommended by Gov. Hughes, to facilitate the collection of special franchise taxes. At present over \$41,000,000 in such taxes is in litigation in the State, the cases under the present In the state, the cases under the present law having been referred to referees, who have taken years to receive the testimony. Under the proposed amendment the procedure is so changed that instead of going to referee the litigation will be taken into the Supreme Court for trial

without delay.

The Assembly Banks Committee today reported favorably the five bills
recommended by State Superintendent
of Banks Williams. One of these bills
gives trust companies until April, 1911,
to dispose of stock held in other moneyed to dispose of stock held in other moneyed corporations in excess of 10 per cent. of the capital of the other corporations. Another bill provides that four members of the board of trustees of a savings bank may reside outside of the State.

The Senate Taxation Committee has reported favorably the bills recom-

reported favorably the bills recommended by the State Tax Commission to perfect the law. One of these bills will interest New York city property owners, as it provides that in cities there shall be a column on the assessment roll showing the full value of real property, and another column showing the full. and another column showing the full value of the land alone.

ALBANY, March 24.—There was some

These nayy orders were issued:
Lieut. A. Bronson, Jr., to the Montana.
Surgeon N. J. Blackwood, from the New Jersey to Naval Medical School, Washington.
Surgeon C. M. De Valin, from the Washington to home.
Surgeon C. M. De Valin, from the Washington to home.
Surgeon J. G. Field, from naval training station, San Francisco, to the Washington.
Passed Assistant Surgeon C. G. Smith, from Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, N. H., to Naval Medical School, Washington.
Passed Assistant Surgeon R. R. Richardson, to Naval Hospital, Portsmouth.
Passed Assistant Surgeon C. T. Grayson, from Naval Dispensary, Washington, to Naval Medical School, Washington, D. C.
Passed Assistant Surgeon J. Stepp, to training station, Narragansett Bay, to Naval Dispensary, Washington, Narragansett Bay, to Naval Dispensary, Washington. real shooting before the Assembly Codes
Committee to-day. It was done by Hiram
Maxim, the inventor. When three or
four sharp cracks from a revolver rang
out from the Assembly library members
of other committees meeting near by

Black Hand society to deal out instruments to be adjusted to a revolver that a whole neighborhood could be shot up without the least noise was mistaken.

The Codes Committee gave Mr. Maxim, his lawyer, former Assemblyman Tory, and William A. Redding, treasurer of the Maxim Silent Firearms Company, a hearing on Assemblyman Joseph's bin to prohibit the use of the silencer for other than State and national military

Mr. Maxim made a lot of noise with his

weapons to back up his statement that it was absolutely impossible to muffle the report of a revolver with the silencer on. report of a revolver with the silencer on.

He transformed the Assembly library into a shooting gallery to demonstrate his statement. He erected a little sandbox target back of Assemblyman Cuvillier's chair and said he would fire into it first with a rifle and then with a revolver.

Mr. Maxim said that he did not invent the silencer to aid crime. He said representatives of many foreign countries had been consulted and all agreed that the method of desdening the noise from a

been consulted and all agreed that the method of deadening the noise from a firearm. while probably never entirely successful, was a great aid to the armies and navies of the world.

Mr. Maxim said that his silencer was never intended for revolvers. He fired one off three times, and each discharge brought a report slightly softer than when the revolver was discharged without the silencer.

Assembly man Joseph said that while Mr. Assembly man Joseph said that while Mr. Maxim might be a great gun inventor and might have accomplished great things in his line, Mr. Joseph thought he was letting his genius aid assassination, was encouraging criminals who welcomed a chance to use a gun which could have its report muffled and creating an instrument which, even if intended for armies and navies, would fall into the hands of unscrupulous persons.

CRITICISE THE P. S. BOARD CENTRAL PARK ART GALLERY. Senate Discusses the Use of the Old

> ALBANY, March 24.-Senator John Raines of Canandaigua, the majority leader in the Senate, made it plain to-day that the rehabilitation of the old Arsenal building in Central Park into a national art gallery was not a question local to New York city. He insisted that the risitors to Central Park from up State and from other States were many and that they did not go there to see the trees and the shrubbery and the gondolas They were drawn there by the added attractions, such as the Metropolitan Museum and the menagerie. Every outsider who visits New York, declared Senator Raines, has an interest in the estab lishment of a national art gallery in the park as proposed and naturally would

Senators Agnew, Brough and Newcomb

WILL APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE.

Gov. Hughes to Begin His Campaign for His Primary Bill in Buffalo.

ALBANY, March 24.-Gov. Hughes will have just about one month to tour the State in making his appeals to the people in behalf of his direct nominations plan. The Governor will begin these appeals on Saturday in Buffalo, where he will speak at a meeting in Convention Hall under the auspices of the "Hughes Workers," prominent among whom i the Governor's new Superintendent of Insurance, William Horace Hotchkiss.

On Wednesday, April 14, the Senate Judiciary Committee will give a hearing on the direct nominations bill. It is exsected that this will be the first and final nearing on the Governor's plan and that the Assembly Judiciary Committee will join the Senate committee in the hearing on that day, although the Assembly committee to-day seemed to think its first hearing should be held next week Thursday. It is thought the Assembly committee will change its mind on this que :tion and be in accord with the Scnatt

It is expected that the hearings on the Governor's direct nominations plan will tax them for the benefit of the hiremen. He introduced a bill in the Assembly today for that purpose. Gov. Hughes vetoed a similar measure last year. Mr. Allen says the bill has been amended to meet the Governor's objections and insists that its passage in its present form will not only benefit the firemen, their pension funds and their organizations but help manufacturing interests in this State as well. All of the fire companies and all similar bodies of firemen and the State Firemen's Home will have about \$80,000 a year to be divided among them if the bill becomes a law

Senator Meade and Assemblyman Waddell to-day introduced in the Legislature was recommended by Gov.

The Republican organization leaders are preparing a primary bill of their own, which will recognize the combrace any suggested amendments which will throw needed additional safeguards around the conduct of the primary.

The Republican organization leaders around the Governor's direct nominations bill will come up for a vote in each house during the week of April 14 and that the bill will come up for a vote in each house during the week following. Meanwhile the Republican organization leaders are preparing a primary bill of their own, which will recognize the comporate the convention plan absolutely, but will embrace any suggested amendments which will throw needed additional safeguards around the conduct of the primary.

The Republican organization leaders are preparing a primary bill of their own, which will recognize the convention plan absolutely, but will embrace any suggested amendments which will throw needed additional safeguards around the conduct of the primary.

The Republican organization leaders are preparing a primary bill of their own, which will recognize the convention plan absolutely, but will embrace any suggested amendments will throw needed additional safeguards around the conduct of the primary.

Co. Want \$1.122,000 Damages. The National Packing Company and Frederick Joseph, president of the New York Butchers Dressed Meat Company, are named as defendants in a suit for \$1,122,000 damages brought in the Supreme Court yesterday by Hays, Hershfield & Wolf as attorneys for the Minority Stockholders Association of the New Stockholders Association of the New York Butchers Dressed Meat Company. The claim for damages is based on a statement of loss caused by depreciation in the value of the stock of the company. The plaintiffs allege that the company, which was organized to compete with the allied interests, has been the victim of collusion between Mr. Joseph and the beef trust and that the prices at which it buys and sells are really dictated by to be trust and that the prices at which it buys and sells are really dictated by those who are supposed to be rivals.

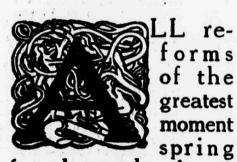
The complainants are Jacob Bloch, August F. Grimm, Charles Grismer, Jacob Schaeffer, Louis E. Beckman, Peter Schmidt and Julius Dietz.

Senate Committee's Work on Tariff Bill. WASHINGTON, March 24.—Another hard day's work by the Republican members of the Senate Finance Committee enabled them to complete their preliminary consideration of the earthenware schedule.

Court Calendars This Day.



The Wm. Vogel & Son New Store Broadway at 44th Street Is Already Established in Fact



from the people. A new party for better government—a new subway for better transit—a new store for better merchandising. Thoughts that cause wonder-but the wonder ceases when the Thought becomes Fact. In the time of a day the greatest accomplished fact takes an accustomed place in the general scheme of things.

And with this store in the three days since the opening Thought has become Fact. Before its accomplishment the task assumedhugeproportions -obstacles arose with the tick of the clockbut to-day it is a familiar phase in this city's business life.

It is providing the clothes wants of hundreds of men

-the newness has worn off—it has settled into the routine of the day's work. The clothes and haberdashery for men that this new store presents is evidence of the betterment for which the House of Wm. Vogel & Son has

Years ago we started to look forward and go forward in the work of making clothes for men, and the power of accumulated motion has multiplied our efforts and energies to a degree that has given our organization of skilled and talented craftsmen a mastery of the subject of clothes-making. And yet we shall go on repeating this history of years ago. We shall not be busied with our today, but always with our to-morrow. We shall always work for the advancement in the making of our men's clothes as zealously and as effectively as we have in the past.

WM. VOGEL & SON

OFFERED BINGHAM \$600,000

BRIBER CALLED AND GOT HIS EARS SINGED.

Incident of Official Life in New York." the Commissioner Styles a Visitor's Attempt to Buy Certain Immunity for \$50,000 Cash Every Month.

Police Commissioner Bingham said yesterday that he could have had \$50,000 month, and no doubt a great deal more, had he complied with the requests of a certain person and "acted in a negative manner with regard to some things." Who the man was that made the offer or for what purpose the money would have been paid the Commissioner refused

to sav. Gen. Bingham was talking about the failure of the Board of Aldermen to appropriate \$100,000 for secret service work. When he was asked if he knew of any reason for the refusal of his request he said that, in his opinion, any man who knew anything about the Police Department knew that money was needed to keep it going.

"If the Aldermen think that they are injuring me by holding up the money they are mistaken," said the Commissioner. "They are not hurting me-they are hurting the city of New York."

"Do you think that members of the Board of Aldermen are opposed to you personally?" one of the interviewers asked. The Commissioner smiled slightly. "It is my personal opinion," he said, that my request was not granted because I am hated individually. It seems to me that there are some mighty queer things in politics in this town. I don't know anything about politics and I don't care about politics, but if the Board of Aldermen are interested in politics that is their business and not mine. It is my business to run the Police Department. "I have heard that it is proposed to do

away with the pay of an Alderman and make the job an honorary one," said the make the job an honorary one," said the Commissioner. He laughed and added: "They could fill a lot of jobs with men who would work for nothing as far as salary is concerned. Why, if they put this job up at auction I have no doubt that it would bring a good price.

"Would it be worth \$1,000,000?" asked one of the interviewers.

"I don't know that it would be worth that much to any one." Gen. Bingham

Aske Hannan, Berman.

Allice Theodore A. Conway.

Balender, Susan F. McCreery.

McPartiand, at 19:30 A. M. Trial Term—

Any calendar.

Ay colendar.

II.—Clear.

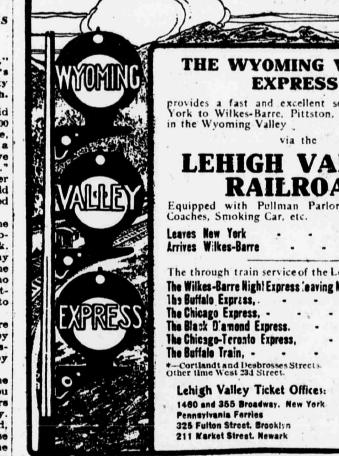
Ay calendar—Nos. 2277. 1391. 2394. 2190. 2223.

Ask. 2437. 2499. 2221. 1484. 516. 2013. 2014. 2023. 2131.4.

Ask. 3437. 2896. 2221. 1484. 516. 2013. 2014. 2023. 2131.4.

Ask. 3437. 2896. 2221. 1484. 516. 2013. 2014. 2023. 2131.4.

Ask. 3437. 2896. 2221. 2448. 346. 2457. 246. 2457. 2469. 2457. 2429. 2431. 2440. 2442. 2445. 2454. 2457. 2429. 2431. 2440. 2442. 2445. 2457. 2461. 3085. 711. 655. 733. 7344. 7347. 735. 70814. 2328. 2367. 2338. 1724. 1130. 1157. Part IV.—Case unfinished. Short causes—Nos. 319. 383. 387. 391. 482. 735. 383. 383. 387. 382. 383. 389. 382. 535. 732. 739. 518. 374. 372. Part V.—Case unfinished. Part VII.—Case unfin



THE WYOMING VALLEY **EXPRESS** provides a fast and excellent service from New York to Wilkes-Barre, Pittston, and other points in the Wyoming Valley LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD Equipped with Pullman Parlor Car, Café Car, Coaches, Smoking Car, etc. Leaves New York - - 3.55 P. M. Arrives Wilkes-Barre - - 9.20 P. M. The through train service of the Lehigh includes:-The Wilkes-Barre High! Express leaving New York *2.00 A.M. 1he Buffalo Express, - -The Chicago Express, - - - -The Black D'amond Express. -

then he heard from me. I don't think that he ever will forget what I said to him. He got out quickly and he has never been back. I think that he knows better than to put his head inside this place again.

"Now don't ask me to tell you any more than I have. What would be the use? It was simply an incident in official life in this city, I suppose. I wen't go into details. The man came here and in his way put the proposition up to me. I guess that he thought that he was doing an inoffensive thing. He got my answer and he now knows enough to stay away."

Intemperance

Is A Disease! heal the inflamed stomach mem-branes, burned out by alcohol THE OPPENHEIMER TREATMENT

is recognized by the medical fraternity as the scientific and successful method of curing this disease. Treatment can be arranged without detention from business or any other unpleasant features. Absolute privacy assured, and moderate cost. For full particulars cut this out and write or cal

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Kennedy 12 CORTLANDIST A Little Bunch of Bargaias

9.40 A.M.

7.55 P.M.

Embroidered Sox, 11c, worth 25c Molette Gloves, 79c, worth 1.00 4-ply Collars, 9c, worth 146

Merino Underwear (medium) 75c White Shirts 59c each,

Worth 1.25 Madras Negligees 79c each Worth 1.50

New Spring

HAT FACTORY FOR SALE—Capacity hundred twenty-five dozen rough hats per day, including fur, shelled, and fifteen hundred dozen hats in at stages. Address M., SENTINEL Office, South 1000 wsiz, Comp. THE OPPENHEIMER INSTITUTE